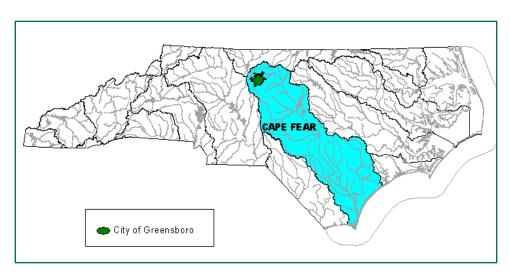
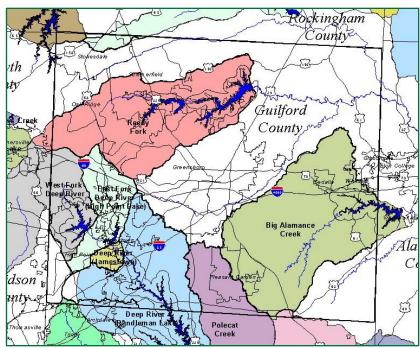
Greensboro's PFAS Response



Michael Borchers, Assistant Director
Water Resources

Greensboro's Watershed







Water Treatment





Lake Townsend Water Treatment Plant

Mitchell Water Treatment Plant

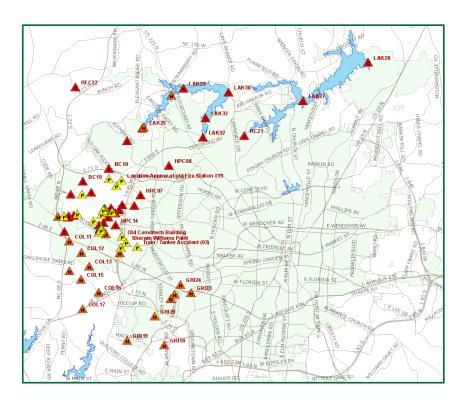


PFAS Detection and Response

- Detected in 2014 as part of UCMR 3 study
 - Three out of four quarterly samples above the reporting detection limit of 40 ng/l or ppt
 - Ten distribution samples with PFOS concentration > 40 ng/L
- Council approved investigation December 2015
 - Field investigation started mid 2016
 - Subsequent testing in watershed revealed PFOS concentration's > 1,000 ng/L
 - Primary Source Legacy manufacturing and training sites surrounding and including PTIA



Field Investigation



HDR Engineers, Inc.

- Background Data Analysis and Source Assessment
- Field investigation and Sampling Plan
 Treatability Analysis Bench and Pilot
- **Testing**
- Stakeholder Coordination / Engagement

NC State University

Laboratory Analysis

Water Supply & Stormwater Divisions

- Field investigation and SamplingStakeholder Engagement
- Interim Treatment



Notification and Communications

HAL Exceedance

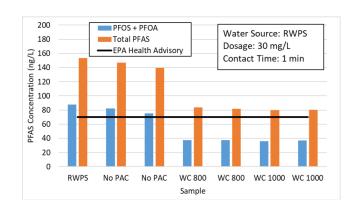
- ➤ July combined PFOS / PFOA sample results for Mitchell WTP POE 80 ppt
 - First exceedance of an HAL since monitoring began in 2014
- State PWS contacted
 - Encouraged public notification and transparency
- Press Release and Memo to CMO / City Council
 - Background / History
 - Investigation
 - Stakeholder Engagement
 - Immediate and Long Term Proactive Measures



Proactive Measures

Immediate Response

- Granular Activated Carbon Pilot Testing
- Operational Response Protocol Developed
- > PAC feed system Purchase
- Increased sampling
 - July 2018 Weekly sampling and posting online









Proactive Measures Cont.

- Stakeholder Voluntary Measures
 - Chemical inventory and alternative product search for training needs
 - City support in emergency response releases
- Lake Brandt Predictive Fate and Transport Model
 - o Time of travel inflows / outflows, concentration, and temperature
- State / County Private Well Testing
 - Guilford County Health Department (GCHD) and NCDEQ Division of Waste Management
 - Community Meeting 12/4/18
 - First Round Sampling 42 wells on 12/18 and 12/19
 - All samples < HAL and 3 samples above LOQ
 - Second Round 10 wells on June 2019 (prev. detects plus one)
 - All Samples < HAL

Journey – Next Steps

Uphold Consumer Confidence & Trust

- Carry Out Final Report Recommendations
- Transparency and Proactive Follow Through
 - Ongoing stakeholder engagement
 - Staff availability questions and concerns

PFAS Treatment

- Short-Term PAC System
- Long Term CIP Plan GAC Feed System Design

UCMR 4 Findings

Evaluate results and determine appropriate and proactive response





Questions for discussion

- 1. How do you communicate and educate others on the message safe water ≠ zero risk water?
- 2. How do you equitably share the burden and responsibility for addressing contaminants of emerging concern with all impacted communities?
- 3. In this age of "easy everything" how do you convince manufacturers, consumers, legislators, and regulators of the need to fully evaluate the cost of the conveniences we continue to embrace?